#### Design Issue #6

Supporting Multiple Look & Feel Standards

- One major problem in portability... consider look & feel for
  - Windows
  - Mac OS X
  - KDE
- If re-targeting is too difficult (expensive), it won't happen
- NOTE: Just one of the issues... Look & Feel ... we deal with the Windowing system itself next

### Design Issue #6

Supporting Multiple Look & Feel Standards

 Given the UI components hierarchy



 Team exercise: Build the classes to support multiple look & feel at compile / run-time, i.e. proper classes are instantiated based on the type of selected L&F.



We use Abstract Factory Pattern

This allows us to define the product type at compile time / run-time (based on environment or user input)

1. First, customize the products for each platform / family (NTButton, KDEButton) etc.



// Creating a scrollbar...

ScrollBar\* sb = guiFactory->CreateScrollBar();

 Second, group family instantiation in distinct class (NTFactory, KDEFactory etc)



- AbstractFactory classes are often implemented with
  - Factory Method pattern, or
  - Prototype pattern
- Because a concrete factory is often unique in the system, it is implemented as a <u>Singleton</u>.
- Parameterized Factory Methods

Combining <u>Abstract Factory</u> and <u>Prototype</u> for a generic objects creation approach.



// Creating a scrollbar...

ScrollBar\* sb = guiFactory->create(ScrollBar::ID);